## **Derma<sup>2</sup> Nitrile**Examination Gloves



PRODUCT INFORMATION				
MATERIAL	Nitrile, accelerator-free			
COLOR	Blue			
TYPE	Ambidextrous, non-sterile, single-use			
INTERIOR	Powder-free			
EXTERIOR	Textured fingertips			
SIZES	S - XL			
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	Malaysia			
STORAGE	Store in original packaging in a cool, dry and well ventilated area, away from dust, direct sunlight, moisture, x-ray and excessive heat above 100°F (37°C)			

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES					
AQL	1.5				
GLOVE WEIGHT	3.2g (medium)				
GLOVE THICKNESS	3mil				
GLOVE LENGTH	9"				
	BEFORE AGING	AFTER AGING			
TENSILE STRENGTH (MPA)	min. 14	min. 14			
ULTIMATE ELONGATION	min. 500%	min. 400%			

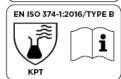


QUALITY STANDARDS				
FDA STATUS	(21 CFR 177) compliant for food handling 510(k) cleared for medical use			
AUDIT STANDARDS	Manufactured under ISO 13485, CAN/CSA ISO 13485, ISO 9001 and US FDA QSR Quality Management System Halal and HACCP certified Manufactured in a Certified WRAP Facility			
TEST STANDARDS	EN 16523-1 Resistance to Chemical Permeation EN ISO 374-5:2016 Resistance to Bacteria, Fungi & Virus EN ISO 374-1:2016/Type B ASTM D6319 ASTM F1671 Viral Penetration ASTM D6978 Chemotherapy Drug Tested			









PACKAGING & ORDERING INFORMATION						
CODE	SIZE	PURCHASE UNIT	CASE DIMENSIONS (LxWxH)	CASE WEIGHT	CUBIC FEET	
1151202	S					
1151302	М	1 case of 2,000 Gloves	14.4 x 9.8 x 9.6"	16.7lbc	O.8ft³	
1151402	L	(200/box x 10)	14.4 X 9.8 X 9.6	16.7lbs	0.8113	
1151502	XL					

CHEMOTHERAPY DRUGS PERMEATION TEST (ASTM D6978-05)				
CHEMICAL	MIN BREAKTHROUGH DETECTION TIME (mins)	OBSERVATIONS		
Bendamustine HCI (Treanda) (5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Bleomycin Sulfate (15 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Busulfan (6 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Carboplatin (10 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Carfilzomib (2 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
*Carmustine (BCNU) (3.3 mg/ml)	Not Recommended	Moderate swelling & no degradation		
Cetuximab (Erbitux) (2 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cisplatin (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cladribine (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cyclosporin A (100 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan) (20.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cytarabine (100 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Cytovene (Ganciclovir) (10 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Dacarbazine (DTIC) (10.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Daunorubicin HCI (5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Decitabine (5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Docetaxel (Taxotere) (20 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Doxorubicin Hydrochloride (2.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Epirubicin HCI (Ellence) (2 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Etoposide (20.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Fludarabine (25 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Fluorouracil (50.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Gemcitabine (38 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Idarubicin HCI (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Ifosfamide (50.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Irinotecan (20 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Mechlorethamine HCI (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Melphalan (5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Methotrexate (25.0 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Mitomycin C (0.5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Mitoxantrone (2 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Oxaliplatin (5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Paclitaxel (Taxol) (6 mg/ml)	> 240	Moderate swelling & no degradation		
Pemetrexed (25 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Raltitrexed (0.5 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Retrovir (Zidovudine) (10 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Rituximab (10 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
*Thiotepa (10 mg/m)	Not Recommended	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Topotecan (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Trisenox (Aresenic Trioxide) (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Velcade (Bortezomib) (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Vidaza (Azacytidine) (25 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Vinblastine (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Vincristine Sulfate (1 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Vinorelbine (10 mg/ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Zoledronic Acid (1 mg/25ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
*Warning: Not recommended for use with Carm				
Fentanyl Citrate Injection (100 mcg/2ml)	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
Simulated Gastric Acid Fluid	> 240	Slight swelling & no degradation		
	2.13	and and adjudation		

RESISTANCE OF GLOVES TO PERMEATION BY CHEMICALS						
CHEMICAL			EN ISO 374 PERFORMAN			4-4:2013 RADATION / %
Sodium Hydroxide 40% (K)		6		2.8		
Sodium Hypochlorite 10-13%			6		23.9	
Sulphuric Acid 50%			6		-50.8	
Ethidium Bromide 5%			6		-12.0	
Formaldehyde 37% (T)			3		24.5	
Glutaraldehyde 50%		6		4.5		
Phenol 0.1%		6		9.4		
n-Heptane (J)		0		45.7		
Methanol in Water 1.5%	lanol in Water 1.5%		6		-12.3	
Isopropanol 70%			0		30.6	
Nitric Acid 65% (M)		0		98.4		
Acetic Acid 99% (N)			0		97.9	
Ammonium Hydroxide 25% (0)			0		-8.0	
Hydrogen Peroxide 30% (P)			4		32.1	
EN ISO 374-1:2016 - permeation levels	are based o	on breakt	through times as	follows:		
Performance Level:	1	2	3	4	5	6
Minimum breakthrough time (Min):	>10	>30	>60	>120	>240	>480
				C		

**EN 374-4:2013 -** Degradation results indicate the change in puncture resistance of the gloves after exposure to the challenge chemical

Safety gloves to protect against chemicals are classified according to their permeation time (time taken for the chemical to penetrate the glove) and number of chemicals tested:

- Type A at least 30min each for at least 6 test chemicals
- Type B at least 30min each for at least 3 test chemicals
- Type C at least 10min each for at least 1 test chemicals

EN ISO 374-5:2016 - Resistance to Bacteria and Fungi = Pass, Resistance to Virus = Pass

## **MANDATORY STATEMENTS EN ISO 374-1:2016**

"This information does not reflect the actual duration of protection in the workplace and the differentiation between mixtures and pure chemicals."

"The chemical resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions from samples taken from the palm only (except in cases where the glove is equal to or over 400mm - where the cuff is tested also) and relates only to the chemical tested. It can be different if the chemical is used in a mixture."

"It is recommended to check that the gloves are suitable for the intended used because the conditions at the workplace may differ from the type depending on temperature, abrasion and degradation."

"When used, protective gloves may provide less resistance to the dangerous chemical due to changes in physical properties. Movements, snagging, rubbing, degradation caused by the chemical contact etc. may reduce the actual use time significantly. For corrosive chemicals, degradation can be the most important factor to consider in selection of chemical resistant gloves."

"The penetration resistance has been assessed under laboratory conditions and relates to the tested specimen."



Contact us today to receive samples or for more information on this product.

